

America  
as the  
Prehistoric Cradle  
of the  
Caucasian Race

by  
Dr. Joseph Cserep

Preface by Jack Churchward

## Preface

In releasing this manuscript in the original form, the entire mystery is presented. The choice to follow this path does increase the cost; however the presentation in the original form, unaltered from the last time that James Churchward gazed upon it, paints the complete picture of the technology and antiquity of the document. Needless to say, it will also sate the appetites of those looking for proof of validity or those looking for hidden meanings.

"America As the Prehistoric Cradle of the Caucasian Race," is the translation of correspondence between James Churchward and Dr. Joseph Cserep in August 1928. The only facts about Dr. Cserep (1858-1948) that we have been able to find are that he was connected with the University of Budapest and his book, "MAGYAROK OSHAZAJA AMERIKA" is part of the collection of a college library. The original letter was in Latin and we are also in possession of the original untranslated work. We have no copies of any of James' letters to Dr. Cserep.

Many theories have been proposed about ancient civilizations and/or the migration of ancient peoples. In some cases these works are inspired by a political agenda and the conclusions have been reached before the research begins. With such little information about the author of this work, it is difficult to ascertain if the present work falls into that category. Nonetheless, as an element of James Churchward's research materials, the document is being presented to open new doors to ideas. Whether the reader rejects these ideas or allows the information to open new avenues of research and examination, the underlying reason for the publication of this work is not to further an agenda that divides people, but to increase understanding and knowledge.

Jack Churchward  
Clearwater, Florida  
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A M E R I C A  
A S T H E P R E H I S T O R I C G R A D L E  
O F T H E G A U C A S I A N R A C E .

B Y

D r . J O S E P H C S E R É P  
P R O F E S S O R  
I N T H E U N I V E R S I T Y O F B U D A P E S T  
H U N G A R Y .

A M E R I C A  
A S T H E P R E H I S T O R I C  
C R A D L E  
O F T H E C A U C A S I A N R A C E

ARIA was the name of that part of ASIA we know by the history under the name of MEDIA. ( Herodot VII,62 and Pausanias II,3 ). But the name MEDIA has been only used by the Greek and Latin history writer; the Medes themselves called it in their own language MADYA ( Media), which has been of the meaning : " EARTH "

For this reason the Greek writers called them also by the name of GIGAS ( pron. like UNESGIGAS ) which means: "Earth borne".

The name MEDS, consequently, was MADYA in the language of the people themselves, which with the addition of the ethnic suffix "r" or "ra" became MADYAR or MADYARA with the meaning of " One who belongs to the land of MADYA " or " One from MADYA ". (- See J. Oppert, Le peuple et la langue des Medes. Paris, 1879. Pages 56-58; 202, 204, 207, 210, 213, 278 ).

We have no reliable information about the time of settling Asia by the Medes.- We have only a very rough approximation. According to Sallustius Jun. ( P. 17 &c ) people by the names of MEDS, ARMEDS, PERSES migrated from Hispania to Africa.- Here the name of PERSES undoubtedly signifies " PERSI " the protonym of which was PERSE from which name derivated the name PERSIS of the conquered country after its settlement about 3000 B.C.

Their name has been adopted by the later conquerors of the country in the shape of PERSES, the protonym of whom, however, was PERSEUS.

The migration of the Hindus from the WEST, according to the classic traditions, is connected with the name of " DIONYSOS ". With the same name were also connected the migrations the Atlantean ADOL people of the West to the Asian territory of Egypt and to Thracia.